In the United States Court of Federal Claims Office of special masters No. 20-2034V

JACQUELINE ARCHIBALD.

Petitioner,

٧.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: April 23, 2024

Ronald Craig Homer, Conway, Homer, P.C., Boston, MA, for Petitioner.

Traci R. Patton, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEY'S FEES AND COSTS¹

On December 30, 2020, Jacqueline Archibald filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the "Vaccine Act"). Petitioner alleged that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration and/or Parsonage-Turner syndrome as a result of a tetanus-diphtheria-acellular-pertussis vaccine administered to her on September 5, 2019. Petition at 1. On August 3, 2023, I issued a decision awarding compensation to Petitioner based on the Respondent's proffer. ECF No. 52.

¹Because this Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action taken in this case, it must be made publicly accessible and will be posted on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, and/or at https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/uscourts/national/cofc, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2018) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet. In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2018).

Petitioner has now filed a motion for attorney's fees and costs, requesting an award of \$28,481.26 (representing \$27,582.90 for fees, plus \$898.36 for costs). Application for Attorneys' Fees filed Feb. 26, 2024, ECF No. 58. Petitioner also filed a signed statement representing that Petitioner incurred \$17.28 in personal out-of-pocket expenses. ECF No. 59.

Respondent reacted to the motion on Mar. 8, 2024, representing that he is satisfied that the statutory requirements for an award of attorney's fees and costs are met in this case, but deferring resolution of the amount to be awarded to my discretion. Respondent's Response to Motion at 2-3, ECF No. 60. Petitioner filed no reply.

Having considered the motion along with the invoices and other proof filed in connection, I find a reduction in the amount of fees to be awarded appropriate, for the reason set forth below.

ANALYSIS

The Vaccine Act permits an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs to successful claimants. Section 15(e). Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 85 Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." Saxton v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting Hensley v. Eckerhart, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." Id. at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request sua sponte, apart from objections raised by respondent and without providing a petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. See Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (2009). A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of petitioner's fee application when reducing fees. Broekelschen v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (2011).

The petitioner "bears the burden of establishing the hours expended, the rates charged, and the expenses incurred." *Wasson v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs.,* 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (1991). The Petitioner "should present adequate proof [of the attorney's fees and costs sought] at the time of the submission." *Wasson,* 24 Cl. Ct. at 484 n.1. Petitioner's counsel "should make a good faith effort to exclude from a fee request hours that are excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary, just as a lawyer in private

practice ethically is obligated to exclude such hours from his fee submission." *Hensley*, 461 U.S. at 434.

TIMELINESS OF MOTION

Vaccine Rule 13 provides that a request for fees and costs must be filed no later than 180 days after judgment is entered. RCFC, Vaccine Rule 13(a). In this case, Judgment was entered on August 18, 2023, making Petitioner's motion due on February 14, 2024. But Petitioner filed her motion on Feb. 26, 2024 – eleven days past the required deadline (accounting for the holiday on Feb. 19, 2024). Petitioner has also not offered any explanation to justify the untimely filing, nor did she file a motion for enlargement of time.

This is cause *by itself* to deny Petitioner's request for fees and costs in its entirety. But I will nevertheless award the attorney's fees and costs in this matter. However, counsel should not expect the same leniency for future fees requests. Any future requests for fees and costs that are untimely filed, or requests for extensions that *themselves* are untimely, will be denied, or at least result in a curtailed award.

ATTORNEY FEES

The rates requested for work performed through the end of 2023 are reasonable and consistent with prior determinations and will therefore be adopted. Petitioner has also requested the same 2023 attorney hourly rate of \$500 per hour for work performed by Ronald Homer in 2024. ECF No. 58. Additionally, Petitioner requests an hourly rate of \$185 for paralegal work performed in 2024. *Id.* I find these hourly rates to be reasonable.

However, the attorney's fees must be reduced for redundant time billed for the review of status reports, correspondence cover letters, and other cursory documents prepared by another attorney. ECF No. 58 (entries dated 2/2/22; 3/21/22; 10/28/22; 11/28/22; 2/6/23; 5/17/23; 6/20/23; 7/20/23). I note that it is common practice for Conway, Homer, P.C. to have several attorneys assist over the course of a case. And I do not purport to invade the firm's judgment in apportioning work amongst its attorneys. In some instances, such as when preparing substantive documents like the petition, briefs, and settlement demands, it is reasonable to have another set of eyes review that document. But additional attorneys should not bill for time to review routine filings (i.e. status reports and motions for enlargement of time) when those filings were prepared (and billed for) by another attorney – and possibly at a lower rate as well.

This is not the first time I or other special masters have noted this particular issue concerning Conway, Homer, P.C.'s billing practices. See, e.g., Manetta v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 18-172V, 2020 WL 7392813, at *2 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Nov 19, 2020); Lyons v. Sec'y of Health & Hum. Servs., No. 18-414V, 2020 WL 6578229 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 2, 2020). I will not award attorney's fees for this redundant work. This results in a reduction in the amount of fees to be awarded of \$370.50.

Lastly, Petitioner has provided supporting documentation for all claimed costs. Motion at 23-36. Respondent offered no specific objection to these costs, and they will be awarded in full.

CONCLUSION

The Vaccine Act permits an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs for successful claimants. Section 15(e). Accordingly, I hereby GRANT in part Petitioner's Motion for attorney's fees and costs. **Petitioner is awarded the total amount of \$28,128.04**³ as follows:

- A lump sum of \$28,110.76, (representing reimbursement in the amount of \$27,212.40 in fees plus \$898.36 in costs), in the form of a check payable jointly to Petitioner and Petitioner's counsel, Ronald Craig Homer; and
- A lump sum of \$17.28, representing reimbursement for Petitioner's costs, in the form of a check payable to Petitioner.

In the absence of a timely-filed motion for review (see Appendix B to the Rules of the Court), the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment in accordance with this Decision.⁴

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran Brian H. Corcoran Chief Special Master

³ This amount is intended to cover all legal expenses incurred in this matter. This award encompasses all charges by the attorney against a client, "advanced costs" as well as fees for legal services rendered. Furthermore, Section 15(e)(3) prevents an attorney from charging or collecting fees (including costs) that would be in addition to the amount awarded herein. See generally Beck v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 924 F.2d 1029 (Fed. Cir.1991).

⁴ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), the parties may expedite entry of judgment by filing a joint notice renouncing their right to seek review.